***Week 13 Coding***

***Program 1***

*Given an array of numbers, find the index of the smallest array element (the pivot), for which the sums of all elements to the left and to the right are equal. The array may not be*

*reordered.*

*Example*

*the sum of the first three elements, 1+2+3=6. The value of the last element is 6.*

*Using zero based indexing, arr[3]=4 is the pivot between the two subarrays.*

*The index of the pivot is 3.*

*Function Description*

*Complete the function balancedSum in the editor below.*

*balancedSum has the following parameter(s):*

*int arr[n]: an array of integers*

*Returns:*

*int: an integer representing the index of the pivot*

*Constraints*

*105*

*1 arr[i] 2 x 104, where O s i < n*

*It is guaranteed that a solution always exists.*

*Input Format for Custom Testing*

*Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.*

*The first line contains an integer n, the size of the array arr.*

*Each of the next n lines contains an integer, arr[i], where 0 i < n.*

*Sample Case O*

*Sample Input O*

*STDIN*

*Function Parameters*

*4*

*1*

*2*

*3*

*3*

*-4 arro size n = 4*

*arr —*

*Sample Output O*

*2*

*Explanation O*

*The sum of the first two elements, 1+2=3. The value of the last element is 3.*

*Using zero based indexing, is the pivot between the two subarrays.*

*The index of the pivot is 2.*

*Sample Case I*

*Sample Input I*

*STDIN*

*3*

*1*

*2*

*1*

*Function Parameters*

*arro size n = 3*

*arr —*

*Sample Output 1*

*1*

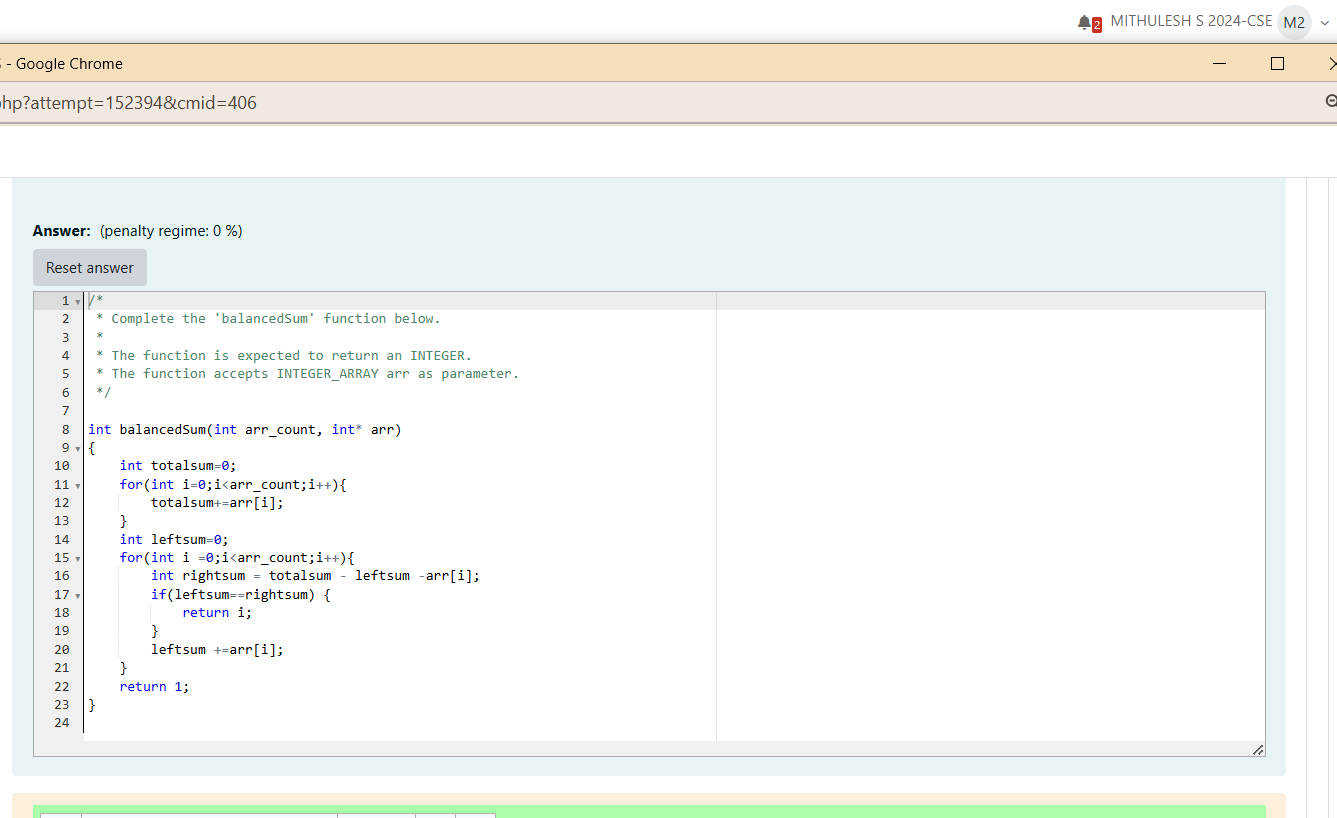
*Explanation 1*

*The first and last elements are equal to 1.*

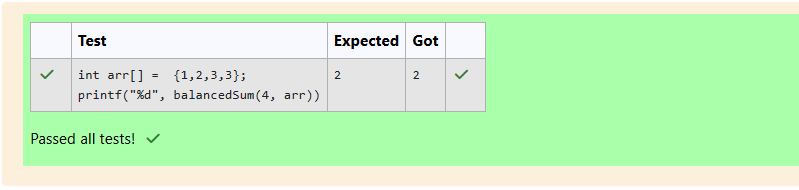
*Using zero based indexing, is the pivot between the two subarrays.*

*The index of the pivot is 1.*

***Coding***

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***Output***

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***Program 2***

*Calculate the sum of an array of integers.*

*Example*

*numbers = [3, 13, 4, 11, 9]*

*The sum is 3 + 13 +4 + 11 +9 = 40*

*Function Description*

*Complete the function arraySum in the editor below.*

*arraySum has the following parameter(s):*

*int numbers[n]: an array of integers*

*Returns*

*int: integer sum of the numbers array*

*Constraints*

*1sns104*

*1 numbers[i] 104*

*Input Format for Custom Testing*

*Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.*

*The first line contains an integer nr the size of the array numbers.*

*Each of the next n lines contains an integer numbers[i) where 0 i < n.*

*Sample Case O*

*Sample Input 0*

*STDIN*

*5*

*1*

*2*

*3*

*4*

*5*

*-4*

*Function*

*numbers[] size n = 5*

*numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]*

*Sample Output 0*

*15*

*Explanation O*

*1+2+3+4+5\_*

*- 15.*

*Sample Case 1*

*Sample Input I*

*STDIN*

*2*

*12*

*12*

*Function*

*numbers[] size n = 2*

*numbers = [12, 12]*

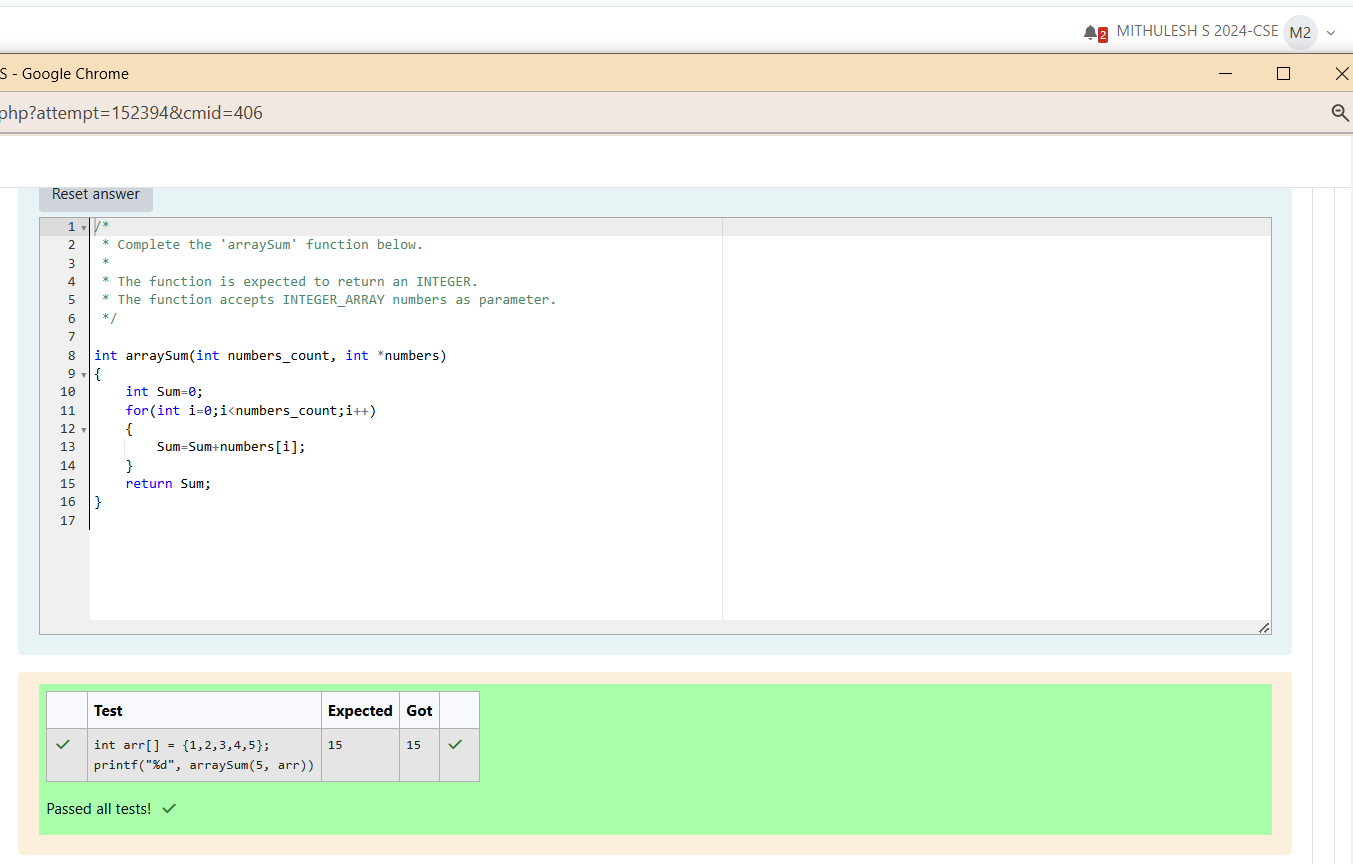
*Sample Output 1*

*24*

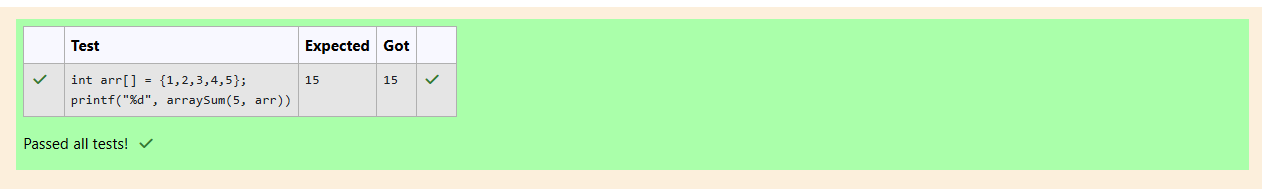
*Explanation 1*

*12 + 12 = 24.*

***Coding***

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***Output***

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***Program 3***

*Given an array of n integers, rearrange them so that the sum of the absolute differences of all adjacent elements is minimized. Then, compute the sum of those absolute differences.*

*Example n = 5 arr = [1, 3, 3, 2, 4) If the list is rearranged as arri = [1, 2, 3, 3, 41, the absolute differences are II - 21 = 1, 12 - 31 = 1, 13 - 31 = O, 13 - 41 = 1. The sum of those differences is 1*

*+ 1 + 0 + 1 = 3. Function Description Complete the function minDiff in the editor below. minDiff has the following parameter: arr. an integer array Returns: int: the sum of the absolute*

*differences of adjacent elements Constraints 2 n S 105 0 arr[i] 109, where O i < n Input Format For Custom Testing The first line of input contains an integer, n, the size of arr.*

*Each of the following n lines contains an integer that describes arr[i] (where 0 i < n) . Sample Case 0 Sample Input For Custom Testing STDIN Function — 5 arro size n =*

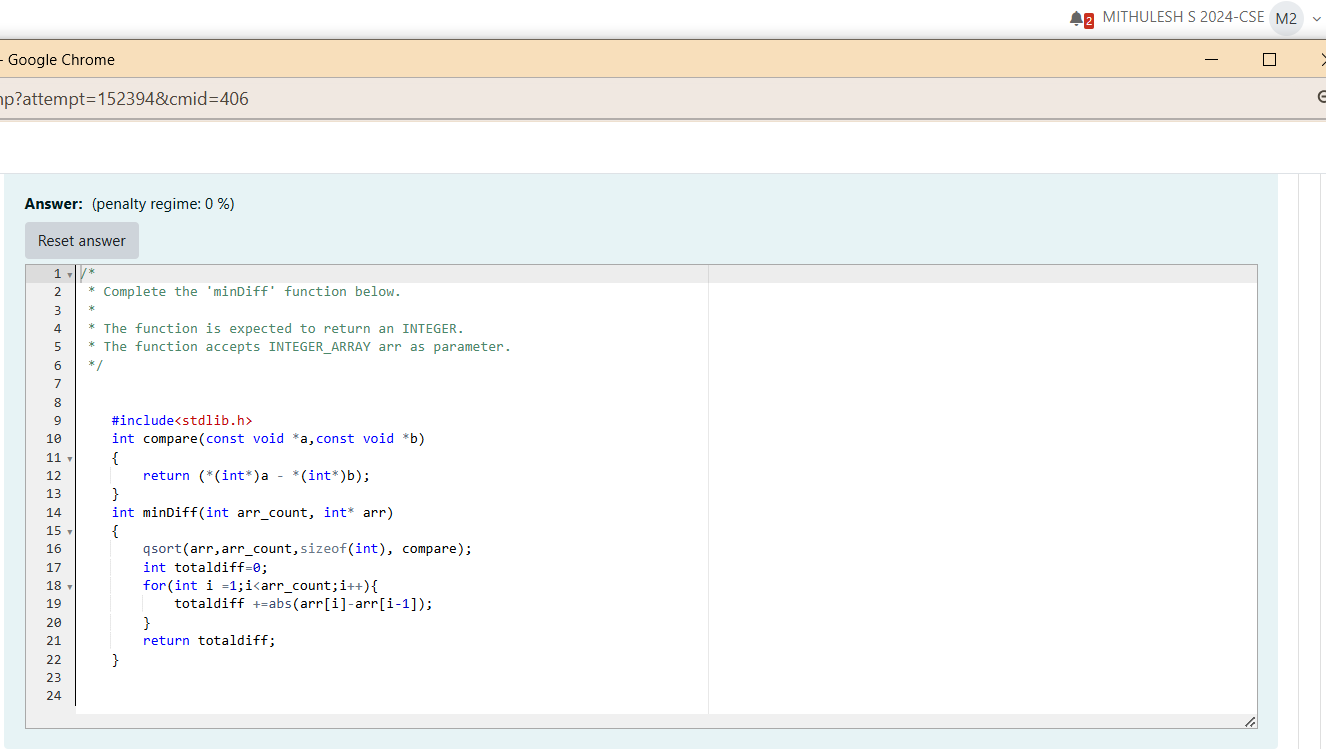
*5 5 arro = [5, I, 3, 7, 31 1 3 7 3 Sample Output 6 Explanation n = 5 arr = [5, 1, 3, 7, 3] If arr is rearranged as arri = [1, 3, 3, 5, 71, the differences are minimized. The final answer is II -*

*31 + 13 - 31 + 13 - 51 + 15 - 71 = 6. Sample Case 1 Sample Input For Custom Testing STDIN Function -*

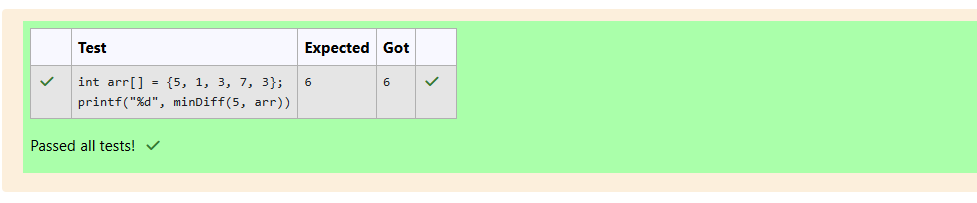
*2 arr = [3, 21 There is no need to rearrange because there are only two elements. The final answer is 13 - 21 = 1.*

*2 -4 arro size n = 2 3 -4 arro = [3, 2] 2 Sample Output 1 Explanation n =*

***Coding***

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***Output***

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